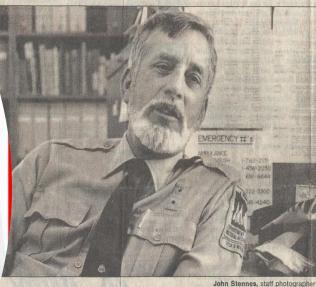




A tribute to Jerry **Maertens and other** managers who, got 'er done!



s, DNR Thief Lake area wildlife ecently was honored by the

Minnesota Fish and Wildlife Employees Association.

DNR chief prefers woods to his office

By Ann Bailey Herald Staff Writer

HIEF LAKE WILDLIFE REFUGE, Minn. - Jerry

Maertens can swivel his chair away from mounds of paperwork and gaze out a window that frames poplars and pines rising

out of knee-deep snow. The DNR Thief Lake area wildlife manager, recently honored by the Minnesota Fish and Wildlife Employees Association, readily volunteers that, given the choice, he'd spend more time in the world outside of his window and less time tied to his desk. The association honored Maertens

- one man stuck in the middle of the great Grygla, Minn., elk controversy

- for his contributions to wildlife during the 13 years he's managed the area.

He's spent much more time than he DNR: See Page 2B

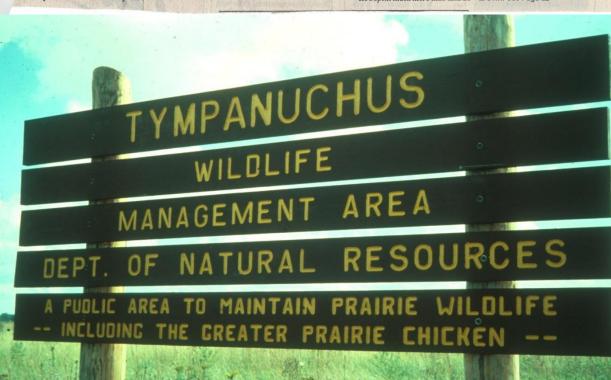
likes pushing a pencil during those 13 years, a job demand he would trade for tagging birds at a moment's notice.

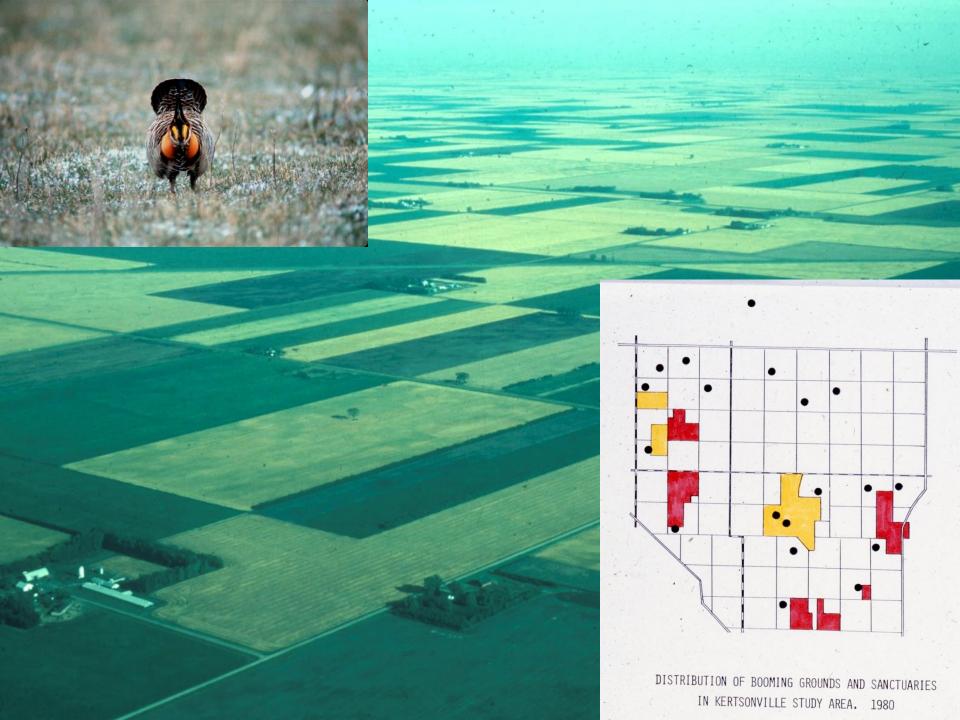
"We end up with, for about every hour of field work, two hours of paper work," said Maertens, a tall, trim man with a neatly clipped white beard.

"Almost all of the wildlife people are snowed with paper work."

Maertens, 50, tries to compensate for the time spent working indoors by heading outdoors, especially in the spring when the birds return. He said his wife, Shirley, and daughters, Kim, Michele and Lisa, share his love for the outdoors.

"I think it's really nice to see the birds come back," he said. "We had our first geese back Thursday"





A rich tradition of prairie grouse hunting in the North

ie chickens in Polk County, Minnesota, 1905.

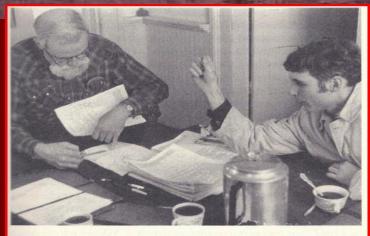
I ran across an old photo in a book "<u>Side</u> <u>Trips, The photography of Sumner W.</u> <u>Matteson 1898-1908"</u>. It is of Prairie Chicken hunters in Polk Co. 1905. The fella lying on the ground is identified as J.W. Stairs of Crookston, "*a one-legged international champion wing shot*". Erik Fritzell

> "In Harry Stairs backyard and the pup that died in October"



Prairie Chicken Range in Minnesota





The Hamerstrom House, and barn

Hammy in the early 1960s, studying an oberver's map of the booming ground activity assigned to him that morning. *Sheboygan Press*



Aldo Leopold with two of his prize graduate students, probably in 1939. Hammy assumes an ironic professorial stance; Fran is her photogenic self.

Grady Mann and the Hamerstroms at Fergus Falls meeting of the Minnesota Prairie Chicken Society. 1974

Beginnings – The Minnesota Prairie Chicken Society



market .



A Parker Robinson Mystery

Seefy Eye Pure folly, says Jim

Sometime, spring of 1973

The status and future of Minnesota's prairie chicken will be the subject of a conference in Crookston.

Jim Putnam, editor of the Granite Falls Tribune, thinks it's pure folly to call such a meeting. He says there has been no open season on prairie chicken since 1942. The population began to decline sharply as the acreage of cultivated land increased, grass lands disappeared and land owners converted their wheat fields to corn and soybeans.

Putnam said he grew up with a .410 shotgun and has never killed or even seen a prairie chicken. Said he:

"We haven't seen any zebras running around the acres, either. The chickens have flown the coop and the meeting at Crookston is just another reason why Minnesota taxes are among the highest in the world."

"*It is not the critic who counts, ----- blah, blah, blah* " T. Roosevelt, arena speech. "We have requested 1 ¼ million dollars over 10 years to acquire 10,000 acres of prairie chicken lands.

12-18-1974

The fact that all of you worked together on the prairie chicken conference a year ago and had this data compiled in one spot made it possible for us to submit this request."

From: Roger: Holmes

To: G. Nielsen, R. Farmes, T. Wolfe, M. Paterson, and G. Maertens.

Subject: Prairie Chicken Proposal to Minnesota Resources Commission

DEPARTMENT Natural Resources - Wildlife OIIICE WIEIIIOTAIIQUI

TO : G. Nielsen, R. Farmes, T. Wolfe, M. Paterson and DATE G. Maertens

DATE: 12-18-74

: Roger Holmes Sugar

SUBJECT: Prairie Chicken Proposal to MRC

I have sent copies of our MRC proposal on prairie chickens to the regional managers but wanted to write you a separate memo.

We have, as outlined in the proposal, requested $1_{\rm 4}$ million dollars over a ten-year period to acquire 10,000 acres of prairie chicken lands.

The fact that all of you worked together on the prairie chicken conference a year ago and had this data compiled in one spot made it possible for us to submit this request.

We only found out about the need for submitting requests to MRC about a week before all proposals had to be in. This was evidently because of a lack of communication between the MRC Committee and the Department. We also found out at that time they were not going to give much consideration to on going programs, so Dave suggested we ask for money for the prairie chicken and I pulled a request together using the Prairie Chicken Conference Proceedings.

Obviously all the information was taken out of the Conference Proceedings and without this data, we would not have been able to make the request.

We do not know if we will get any money, but there is at least a possibility and if nothing else, the matter will receive some additional publicity.

RMH:pmt cc: Vern Gunvalson Merlyn Wesloh Mike Casey

The Hamerstrom Award - in tribute to Fred and Fran Hamerstrom

"Good works need not be done in a sepulchral atmosphere!" Fred Hamerstrom



ANNUAL GATHERING OF THE FLOCK



Dancing has even been known to break out at grouse gathering!

Some of the Rothsay Chicken People













Dr. Max Partch St. Cloud State University

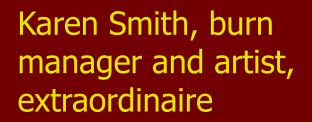
Ben Thoma and Bud Tordoff



Who says chickens don't

have star power?







nd a bunch of othe

CS - THE FIRST 40 YEARS!

Dan Svedarsky and a bunch of others

6

0 0



B0000M111

The Prairie Chicken in Minnesota

atelete

DVD

4 ways to mute. Lower

The Prairie Chicken in Minnesota

Prairie Chicken and Sharp-tailed Grous

Historically it was believed , prairie chickens and sharptails ecological requirements. However, as settlement of the prairies spread, so did prairi chicken habitat. This allowed prairie chickens to move into what was once sharptail territory, and presented the opportunity for hybridization. The first hybrid was report 1877 in lowa, and the next in 1884.

Today, prairie chickens and sharp-tailed grouse often share similar habitats. Althou sharptails prefer a small amount of woody vegetation with their prairie, both require areas for leks. It is at the lek that the potential for hybridization occurs. In areas who both prairie chicken and sharptail territories overlap, leks can often be used by both species. There is typically a more dominant species, which can cause hens of the less dominant species to interbreed. For example, if a sharptail female is at a lek dominated by THE PRAIRIE CHICKEN

IN MINNESOTA

CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS APRIL 28, 1973

> UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

W. Daniel Svedarsky, Ross H. Hier and Nova J. Silvy, editors

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

A National Look

The Greater Prairie Chicken

Miscellaneous Publication 99-1999 Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station





Minnesota Prairie Conservation Plan

A habitat plan for native prairie, grassland, and wetlands in the Prairie Region of western Minnesota

Fast forward to 2004 and due to the efforts of a WHOLE bunch of people and partnerships, Governor Pawlenty and Secretary of Interior Gail Norton establish the Glacial Ridge National Wildlife Refuge!

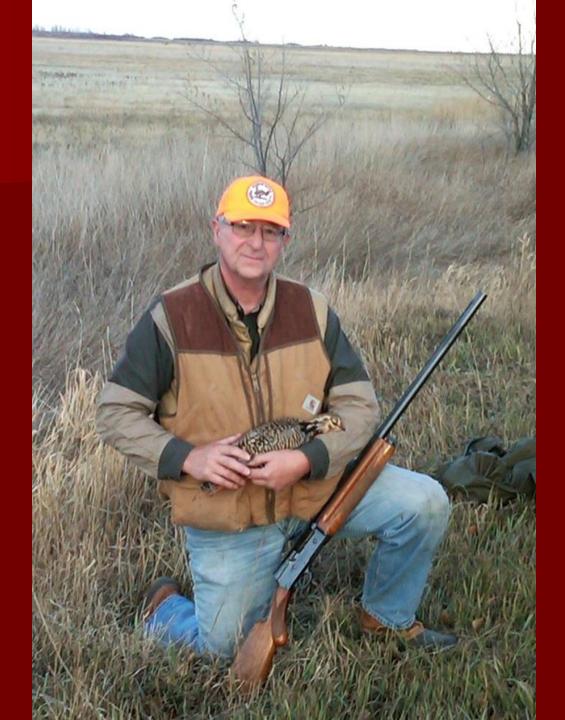


2003.12.31



Morris "Pat" Paterson, first TNC prairie manager. "A passionate state of mind."

"One of the penalties of an ecological education is that one lives alone in a world of wounds." Aldo Leopold The first chicken season since 1942!







It's getting people up and out "Sunrise Services!"





NEWSLETTER

Volume 48, No. 4, Fall, 2022



"Winter Chickens"

By Ross Hier



Feather Featu

-50th Annual Meetir -New Life Members -Grouse Trail at Pheasan -Awards to Close Compa -The Adventures of Tympie -Pieces of the Prairi

Read More >>

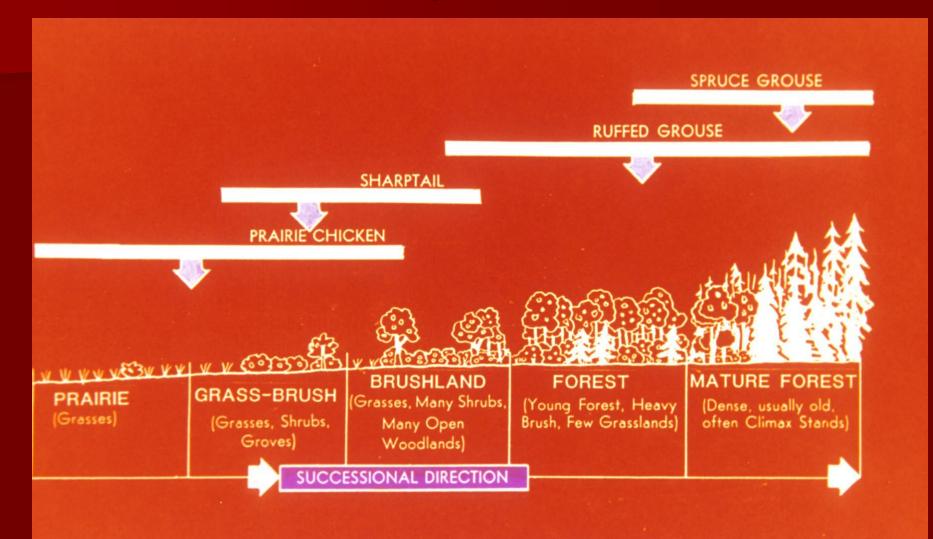
The Adventures of Tympie Nuchus By Ross H. Hier





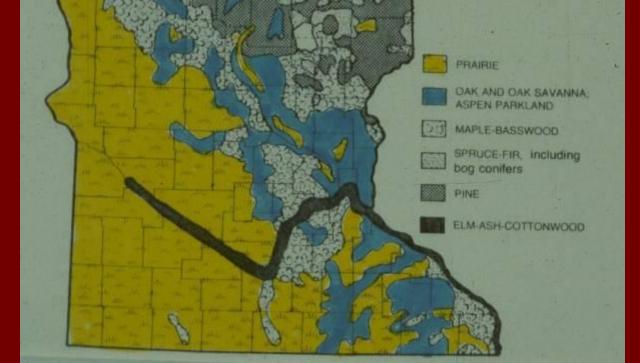
And now for some conservation concerns

Grouse and plant succession



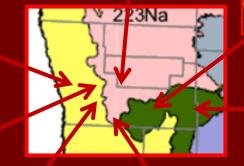


Convergence of biomes

























Sharp-tailed Grouse Range



Leo Kirsch, burn management pioneer



Fire - non-selective tool











Jason Ekstein, Master landscape restorationist and mentor, Glacial Ridge National Wildlife Refuge

Central Polk County/Glacial Ridge Pembina Trail SNA (TNC)



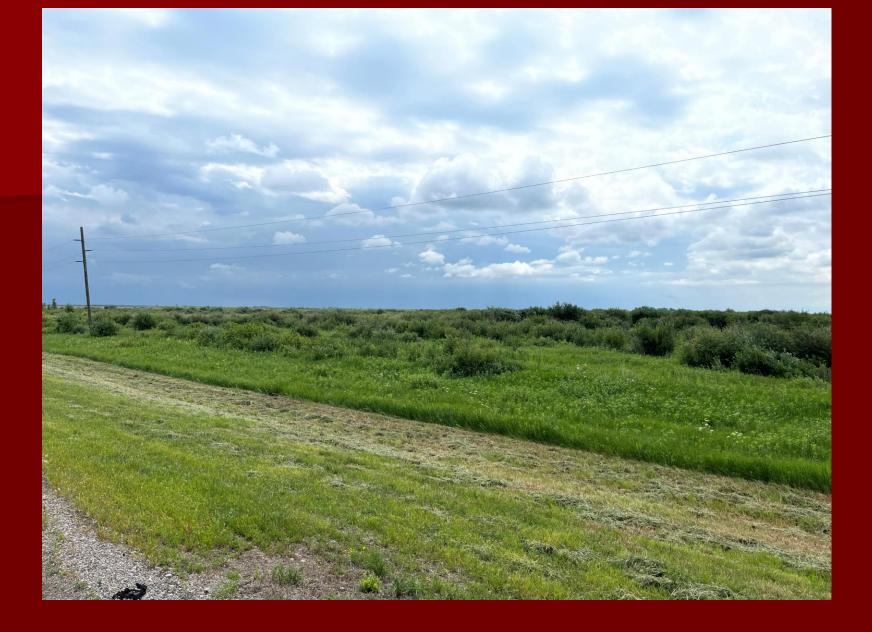


Red River Prairie



Glacial Ridge Prairies Central Polk County

Native Prairie Bank The Nature Conservancy Scientific and Natural Area State Wildlife Management Area USFWS Waterfowl Production Areas USFWS Easement National Wildlife Refuges



WPA near "Downer, MN" along H-9. 14 July 2023.



TNC's Pankratz Prairie. 23 July 2023



Infrequent (less than 3 years) is stimulatory.



Redosier dogwood along old fenceline.

Pankratz Prairie. 14 Sept 2020

Looking east over Kertsonville WMA. Redosier dogwood purple, willow still green. 14 Sept 2020



